

Center for Sustainable Rural Livelihoods

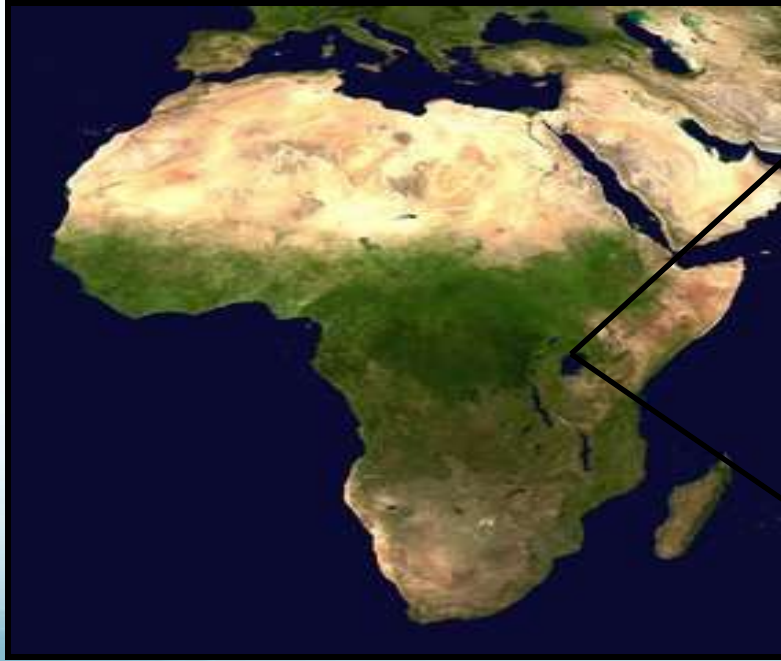
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We work in Uganda



Sustainable Livelihood Goals

- Improved Local Food Security, Nutrition, & Health
- Increased Sources and Levels of Income
- Resilience to Stresses and Shocks
- Improved Household and Community Well Being
- Sustainable Management of Natural Resources



Programs Under CSRL

Food Security

Community
Nutrition

Agricultural
Production

Livestock
Production
and Health

Capacity Building

Service
Learning

Scholarships
and Research

Community
Resource
Personnel

Resource
Management

Water
Resources

Entrepreneurial
Initiatives

Engineering
and
Technology

Partners



Livestock Program

- **Goals:**
 - **Increased food production**
 - **Improved nutrition**
 - **Access to economic success**
 - **Empowerment**
 - **Food security**
 - **Gender support**

Scope to Date

CSRL currently supports 308 piggeries, 108 goat operations, and 158 chicken enterprises with improved Kuroiler chickens and 2 school poultry projects



Nutrition Education Center

- The goal of the center is to address child nutritional challenges by integrating nutrition education, agriculture and microfinance using resources and infrastructures available in the community
- The target is to intervene within the first 1000 days to take advantage of the “window of opportunity”
- All cases beyond 1000 days, although opportunity to correct damage to their cognitive development has been missed the goal is to save lives and give them a chance to grow, and save any subsequent children the mother will have.



Program target areas/activities

- ❖ **Behavior change**
 - **Breast feeding promotion**
 - **Appropriate child care practices**
 - **Complimentary feeding promotion**
 - **Growth monitoring and promotion**

- ❖ **Targeted nutrient specific interventions**
 - **Micronutrient supplementation**
 - **Deworming**

- ❖ **Complimentary and therapeutic interventions**
 - **Prevention and treatment of moderate malnutrition**
 - **Treatment of severe acute malnutrition**
 - **Prevention of nutritional deficiencies among pregnant and lactating women**

- ❖ **Enhancing production and consumption of nutritionally adequate diets**
 - **Production of nutrient dense crops and livestock**
 - **Enhancing household incomes through microfinance**
 - **Improvement in service delivery**



Indicators of Positive Impacts

✦ Poverty Reduction

- ✦ Income sources diversified, levels increased, inequities decreased
- ✦ Improved basic needs (food, shelter, health, nutrition)
- ✦ Increased access to public goods and services

✦ Enhanced Resilience and Diminished Vulnerability

- ✦ A reduction in frequency/severity of shocks
- ✦ Increased capacity to cope with/adapt to natural or economic shocks

✦ Long Term Sustainability

- ✦ Sustained post-project poverty reduction
- ✦ Sustained post-project institutional changes
- ✦ Addressed inequities faced by socially excluded/disadvantaged groups